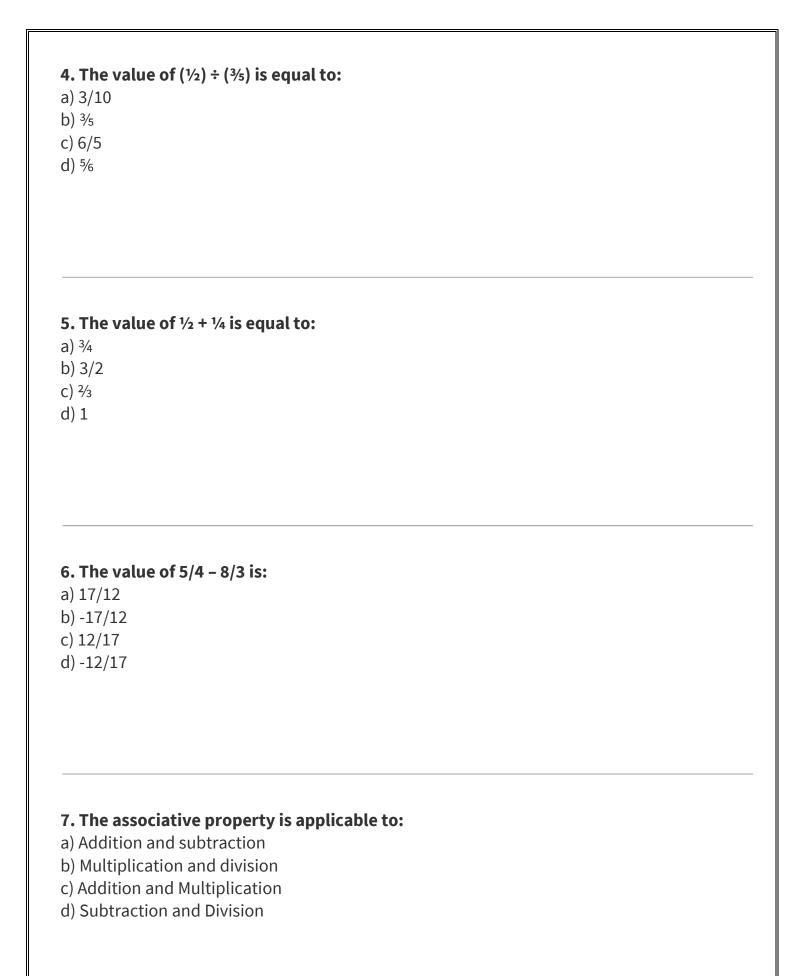**1. An integer can be:**

a) Only Positive

b) Only Negative

c) Both positive and negative

d) None of the above

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2. A rational number can be represented in the form of:

a) p/q

b) pq

c) p+q

d) p-q

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3. The value of ½ x ⅗ is equal to:

a) ½

b) 3/10

c) ⅗

d) ⅖

4. The value of (½) ÷ (⅗) is equal to:

a) 3/10

b) ⅗

c) 6/5

d) ⅚

5. The value of ½ + ¼ is equal to:

a) ¾

b) 3/2

c) ⅔

d) 1

6. The value of 5/4 – 8/3 is:

a) 17/12

b) -17/12

c) 12/17

d) -12/17

7. The associative property is applicable to:

a) Addition and subtraction

b) Multiplication and division

c) Addition and Multiplication

d) Subtraction and Division

8. The value of (-10/3) x (-15/2) x (17/19) x 0 is:
a) 0
b) 22.66
c) 20
d) 35

9. The additive identity of rational numbers is:
a) 0
b) 1
c) 2
d) -1

10. The multiplicative identity of rational numbers is:
a) 0
b) 1
c) 2
d) -1